## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-Q**

X	QUARTERLY 1934	REPORT PU	URSUANT TO SECTION 13 OF	15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT	ЭF
			For the quarterly period ended	March 31, 2021	
			OR		
	TRANSITION 1934	REPORT PU		2 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT	OF
			For the transition period from Commission File No. 00		
		W	YNN RESORTS	5, LIMITED	
			(Exact name of registrant as spec	fied in its charter)	
	(S inc	Nevada tate or other jurisdic corporation or organ	ction of ization)	46-0484987 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
			3131 Las Vegas Boulevard South - La (Address of principal executive off (702) 770-7555 (Registrant's telephone number, inc	(ces) (Zip Code)	
		(Fe	N/A ormer name, former address and former fiscal y	ear, if changed since last report)	
Securit	ies registered pursua	nt to Section 12(h	o) of the Act:		
	Title of each classics of the control of the contro	ass .	Trading Symbol(s) WYNN	Name of each exchange on which registered Nasdaq Global Select Market	
1934 di require I of Regi files).	uring the preceding aments for the past 90 ndicate by check maulation S-T (§232.40 Yes 🗵 No 🗆	12 months (or for 0 days: Yes ⊠ rk whether the re 05 of this chapter	such shorter period that the registrant wa No □ gistrant has submitted electronically even ) during the preceding 12 months (or fo	to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange As required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such fry Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Ruler such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit relevated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting compan	iling 405 such
an eme		any. See the defi	nitions of "large accelerated filer," "acc	elerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging gro	
	accelerated filer ecelerated filer			Accelerated filer	
new or	revised financial acc	counting standards	s provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of th	_	any
	ndicate the number o			Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No ☒ non stock, as of the latest practicable date.	
Co	<u>Class</u> ommon stock, par va	lue \$0.01		<u>Outstanding at April 30, 2021</u> 115,658,123	

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### Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. Financial Statements

## WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except share data)

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
	 (unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,890,407	\$ 3,482,032
Restricted cash	2,813	_
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for credit losses of \$102,412 and \$100,329	215,337	200,158
Inventories	65,252	66,285
Prepaid expenses and other	75,957	64,672
Total current assets	3,249,766	3,813,147
Property and equipment, net	9,050,178	9,196,644
Restricted cash	4,051	4,352
Goodwill and intangible assets, net	287,836	278,195
Operating lease assets	390,601	398,594
Other assets	184,479	178,615
Total assets	\$ 13,166,911	\$ 13,869,547
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts and construction payables	\$ 133,212	\$ 148,478
Customer deposits	514,199	646,856
Gaming taxes payable	64,711	66,346
Accrued compensation and benefits	126,830	126,846
Accrued interest	143,686	136,421
Current portion of long-term debt	198,465	596,408
Other accrued liabilities	188,779	159,533
Total current liabilities	1,369,882	1,880,888
Long-term debt	11,755,169	12,469,362
Long-term operating lease liabilities	120,950	123,124
Other long-term liabilities	123,849	133,490
Total liabilities	13,369,850	14,606,864
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)		
Stockholders' equity (deficit):		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01; 40,000,000 shares authorized; zero shares issued and outstanding	_	_
Common stock, par value \$0.01; 400,000,000 shares authorized; 131,280,022 and 123,482,836 shares issued; 115,647,328 and 107,888,336 shares outstanding, respectively	1,313	1,235
Treasury stock, at cost; 15,632,694 and 15,594,500 shares, respectively	(1,426,887)	(1,422,531)
Additional paid-in capital	3,466,073	2,598,115
Accumulated other comprehensive income	6,501	3,604
Accumulated deficit	(1,813,317)	(1,532,420)
Total Wynn Resorts, Limited stockholders' equity (deficit)	233,683	(351,997)
Noncontrolling interests	(436,622)	(385,320)
Total stockholders' deficit	(202,939)	(737,317)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 13,166,911	\$ 13,869,547

# WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

	Three Montl	Three Months Ended M				
	2021		2020			
Operating revenues:						
Casino	\$ 516,21	8 \$	570,789			
Rooms	76,19	)	152,681			
Food and beverage	68,50	}	149,414			
Entertainment, retail and other	64,86	5	80,832			
Total operating revenues	725,78	3	953,716			
Operating expenses:						
Casino	351,96	õ	442,690			
Rooms	33,53	5	73,480			
Food and beverage	73,94	3	175,910			
Entertainment, retail and other	62,56	)	45,580			
General and administrative	179,77	4	234,328			
Provision for credit losses	7,36	7	20,613			
Pre-opening	1,62	7	2,551			
Depreciation and amortization	185,12	1	178,746			
Property charges and other	5,61	7	27,229			
Total operating expenses	901,51	5	1,201,127			
Operating loss	(175,73	<u> </u>	(247,411)			
Other income (expense):						
Interest income	90	4	7,953			
Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized	(152,85)	<u>?</u> )	(128,827)			
Change in derivatives fair value	4,40	)	(15,660)			
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(1,32)	<u>?</u> )	(843)			
Other	(11,09)	3)	10,335			
Other income (expense), net	(159,954	<del>[</del> ]	(127,042)			
Loss before income taxes	(335,68)	 o)	(374,453)			
Provision for income taxes	(493	3)	(75,800)			
Net loss	(336,179		(450,253)			
Less: net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	55,20	ĺ	48,216			
Net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited	\$ (280,97	B) \$	(402,037)			
Basic and diluted net loss per common share:						
Net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited:						
Basic	\$ (2.5)	3) \$	(3.77)			
Diluted	•	3) \$	(3.77)			
Weighted average common shares outstanding:	· ·					
Basic	111,02	)	106,663			
Diluted	111,02		106,663			
Dividends declared per common share	\$	- \$	1.00			

# WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (in thousands) (unaudited)

		March 31,		
		2021		2020
Net loss	\$	(336,179)	\$	(450,253)
Other comprehensive income:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments, before and after tax		4,032		1,015
Total comprehensive loss		(332,147)		(449,238)
Less: comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		54,066		47,933
Comprehensive loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited	\$	(278,081)	\$	(401,305)

# WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) (in thousands, except share data)

(unaudited)

For the Three	Monthe	Ended	March	21	2021

-	Common stock																							
-	Shares outstanding		Par alue	-	Treasury stock	A	Additional paid-in capital	,	Accumulated other comprehensive income	A	Accumulated deficit	Total Wynn Resorts, Ltd. stockholders' equity (deficit)	No	Noncontrolling interests										Total ockholders' deficit
Balances, January 1, 2021	107,888,336	\$	1,235	\$	(1,422,531)	\$	2,598,115	\$	3,604	\$	(1,532,420)	\$ (351,997)	\$	(385,320)	\$	(737,317)								
Net loss	_		_		_		_		_		(280,978)	(280,978)		(55,201)		(336,179)								
Currency translation adjustment	_		_		_		_		2,897		_	2,897		1,135		4,032								
Issuance of common stock, net of \$17.7 million underwriter discounts, commissions and other expenses	7,475,000		75		_		841,824		_		_	841,899		_		841,899								
Issuance of restricted stock	335,285		3		_		5,899		_		_	5,902		370		6,272								
Cancellation of restricted stock	(13,099)		_		_		_		_		_	_		_		_								
Shares repurchased by the Company and held as treasury shares	(38,194)		_		(4,356)		_		_		_	(4,356)		_		(4,356)								
Cash dividends declared	_		_		_		_		_		81	81		9		90								
Stock-based compensation	_		_		_		20,235		_		_	20,235		2,385		22,620								
Balances, March 31, 2021	115,647,328	\$	1,313	\$	(1,426,887)	\$	3,466,073	\$	6,501	\$	(1,813,317)	\$ 233,683	\$	(436,622)	\$	(202,939)								

### For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020

•	Common												
	Shares outstanding	Par value		Treasury stock	Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated other comprehensive loss		Retained earnings	Total Wynn Resorts, Ltd. stockholders' equity	Noncontrolling interests		st	Total ockholders' equity
Balances, January 1, 2020	107,363,943	\$ 1,22	8	\$ (1,410,998)	\$ 2,512,676	\$ (1,679)	) \$	\$ 641,818	\$ 1,743,045	\$	(201,573)	\$	1,541,472
Net loss	_	-	_	_	_	_		(402,037)	(402,037)		(48,216)		(450,253)
Currency translation adjustment	_	-	_	_	_	732		_	732		283		1,015
Issuance of restricted stock	620,745		6	_	6,086	_		_	6,092		629		6,721
Cancellation of restricted stock	(55,570)	-	_	_	_	_		_	_		_		_
Shares repurchased by the Company and held as treasury shares	(44,955)	_	_	(5,527)	_	_		_	(5,527)		_		(5,527)
Cash dividends declared	_	-	_	_	_	_		(107,515)	(107,515)		14		(107,501)
Distribution to noncontrolling interest	_	-	_	_	_	_		_	_		(998)		(998)
Stock-based compensation	_	-	-	_	7,300	_		_	7,300		251		7,551
Balances, March 31, 2020	107,884,163	\$ 1,23	4	\$ (1,416,525)	\$ 2,526,062	\$ (947)	\$	\$ 132,266	\$ 1,242,090	\$	(249,610)	\$	992,480

# WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands) (unaudited)

	Three Months	Ended March 31,
	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (336,179)	) \$ (450,253)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	185,121	178,746
Deferred income taxes	293	,
Stock-based compensation expense	24,346	9,364
Amortization of debt issuance costs	6,652	6,944
Loss on extinguishment of debt	1,322	843
Provision for credit losses	7,367	20,613
Change in derivatives fair value	(4,409)	15,660
Property charges and other	16,710	16,894
Increase (decrease) in cash from changes in:		
Receivables, net	(22,947)	(56,284)
Inventories, prepaid expenses and other	(21,411)	5,135
Customer deposits	(131,336)	71,736
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	20,565	(70,758)
Net cash used in operating activities	(253,906)	(176,500)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures, net of construction payables and retention	(40,270)	(139,316)
Purchase of intangible and other assets	(8,500)	_
Proceeds from sale of assets and other	134	2,162
Net cash used in investing activities	(48,636	(137,154)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	50,084	1,469,028
Repayments of long-term debt	(1,166,737)	(515,194)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	841,899	_
Repurchase of common stock	(4,356)	(5,527)
Finance lease payment	(3,881)	(37)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	<u> </u>	70
Dividends paid	(295)	(107,426)
Distribution to noncontrolling interest		(998)
Payments for financing costs	(2,154)	(1,919)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(285,440)	837,997
Effect of exchange rate on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(1,131)	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:	(-)	5,200
(Decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(589,113)	527,609
Balance, beginning of period	3,486,384	
Balance, end of period	\$ 2,897,271	
Zumice, cha or person	ψ 2,007,271	Ψ 2,003,301
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:		
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$ 138,823	\$ 88,438
Liability settled with shares of common stock	\$ 6,272	
Accounts and construction payables related to property and equipment	\$ 57,463	
Other liabilities related to intangible assets	\$ 13,748	
Finance lease liabilities arising from obtaining finance lease assets	\$ 7,423	
r mance rease mannines arising moin optaining implice rease assets	φ /,423	Ψ

### Note 1 - Organization

### Organization

Wynn Resorts, Limited, a Nevada corporation (together with its subsidiaries, "Wynn Resorts" or the "Company") is a designer, developer, and operator of integrated resorts featuring luxury hotel rooms, high-end retail space, an array of dining and entertainment options, meeting and convention facilities, and gaming.

In the Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China ("Macau"), the Company owns approximately 72% of Wynn Macau, Limited ("WML"), which includes the operations of the Wynn Palace and Wynn Macau resorts. The Company refers to Wynn Palace and Wynn Macau as its Macau Operations. In Las Vegas, Nevada, the Company operates and, with the exception of certain retail space, owns 100% of Wynn Las Vegas. Additionally, the Company is a 50.1% owner and managing member of a joint venture that owns and leases certain retail space at Wynn Las Vegas (the "Retail Joint Venture"). The Company refers to Wynn Las Vegas and the Retail Joint Venture as its Las Vegas Operations. On June 23, 2019, the Company opened Encore Boston Harbor, an integrated resort in Everett, Massachusetts, that is owned 100% by the Company. In October 2020, Wynn Interactive Ltd. ("Wynn Interactive") was formed through the merger of the Company's U.S. online sports betting and gaming business, social casino business, and Wynn Resorts' strategic partner, BetBull Limited ("BetBull"). Following the merger and subsequent transactions, Wynn Resorts holds an approximately 74% interest in, and consolidates, Wynn Interactive. The results of its operations are presented within Corporate and other in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, except where otherwise noted.

### Recent Developments Related to COVID-19

Since the outbreak of COVID-19 in early 2020, steps have been taken by various countries, including those in which the Company operates, to advise citizens to avoid non-essential travel, to restrict inbound international travel, to implement closures of non-essential operations, and to implement quarantines and lockdowns to contain the spread of the virus. As part of the immediate response to the initial outbreak of COVID-19, each of the Company's properties was subject to partial or full closure for varying lengths of time during 2020, and have all since reopened with certain COVID-19 specific protective measures, such as limiting the number of seats per table game, slot machine spacing, temperature checks, mask protection, and suspension of certain entertainment and nightlife offerings. Several vaccines have been granted authorization in numerous countries and are being rolled out to citizens based on availability and priority of need. There can be no assurance as to when a sufficient number of individuals will be vaccinated, permitting travel restrictions to be fully lifted.

### Macau Operations

Visitation to Macau has fallen significantly since the outbreak of COVID-19, driven by the strong deterrent effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on travel and social activities, quarantine measures in Macau and elsewhere, travel and entry restrictions and conditions in Macau, the PRC, Hong Kong and Taiwan involving COVID-19 testing, among other things, and the suspension or reduced accessibility of transportation to and from Macau. Beginning in June 2020 certain restrictions and conditions have eased to allow for visitation to Macau as certain regions recover from the COVID-19 pandemic. Quarantine-free travel, subject to COVID-19 safeguards such as testing and the usual visa requirements, has been reintroduced between Macau and most areas and cities within the PRC, and in September 2020, PRC authorities fully resumed the IVS exit visa program, which permits individual PRC citizens from nearly 50 PRC cities to travel to Macau for tourism purposes.

### Las Vegas Operations and Encore Boston Harbor

The Company's Las Vegas Operations and Encore Boston Harbor have each implemented certain COVID-19 specific protective measures, such as limiting the number of seats per table game, slot machine spacing, temperature checks, mask protection, and suspension of certain entertainment and nightlife offerings. On April 8, 2021, Encore at Wynn Las Vegas resumed full operations, having previously adjusted its operating schedule to five days/four nights each week due to reduced customer demand levels beginning on October 19, 2020. On April 13, 2021, the Governor of Nevada announced that the statewide social distancing mandate will be removed and decisions on social distancing will be returned to local authority by May 1, with a goal to have all Nevada counties open to 100% capacity by June 1. The Nevada Gaming Control Board will continue to maintain authority over gaming areas of licensed properties in Nevada. On May 3, 2021, the Gaming Control Board announced that, effective immediately, the Company's Las Vegas Operations are permitted to reopen all gaming areas to 100% of capacity, with no continuing table game or slot machine spacing restrictions. At Encore Boston Harbor, on January 25, 2021,

limitations on operating hours that had been in place since November 2020 were lifted, and the property restored certain operations and reopened its hotel tower on a Thursday through Sunday weekly schedule. On April 27, 2021, the Governor of Massachusetts announced a phased plan for further reopening and increased capacity over the next several months. Effective August 1, 2021, subject to public health and vaccination data, all industry restrictions will be lifted and capacity limits will increase to 100%.

#### Summary

The COVID-19 pandemic has had and will continue to have an adverse effect on the Company's results of operations. Notwithstanding the easing of certain COVID-19 protective measures by authorities throughout the world, certain travel restrictions, quarantine measures, testing requirements, and capacity limitations remain in effect, and the Company is currently unable to determine when protective measures and the suspension of certain offerings in effect at our Macau Operations, Las Vegas Operations, and Encore Boston Harbor will be lifted. Given the uncertainty around the extent and timing of the potential future spread or mitigation of COVID-19 and around the imposition or relaxation of protective measures, management cannot reasonably estimate the impact to the Company's future results of operations, cash flows, or financial condition.

As of March 31, 2021, the Company had total cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash, of \$2.89 billion, and had access to \$833.9 million of available borrowing capacity from the WRF Revolving Facility and \$293.0 million of available borrowing capacity from the Wynn Macau Revolving Facility. The Company has suspended its dividend program. Given the Company's liquidity position at March 31, 2021, the Company believes it is able to support continuing operations and respond to the current COVID-19 pandemic challenges.

### **Business Combination Agreement**

On May 10, 2021, Wynn Interactive entered into a business combination agreement (the "Business Combination Agreement") with Austerlitz Acquisition Corporation I, a Cayman Islands exempted company ("Austerlitz I") and Wave Merger Sub Limited, an exempted company limited by shares incorporated in Bermuda and a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Austerlitz I ("Merger Sub"). The Business Combination Agreement provides for, among other things, the consummation of the following transactions: (i) Austerlitz I will transfer by way of continuation from the Cayman Islands to Bermuda and change its name to "Wynn Interactive, Limited"; and (ii) Merger Sub will merge with and into Wynn Interactive (the "Merger"), with Wynn Interactive being the surviving company of the Merger and direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Austerlitz I. Upon closing of the transaction, assuming no share redemptions by the public stockholders of Austerlitz I, the Company is expected to retain an approximately 58% equity interest (and approximately 72% voting interest) in Wynn Interactive. The proposed business combination is expected to close by the end of 2021, subject to approval by Austerlitz I's stockholders, gaming regulatory approval and other customary closing conditions.

### Note 2 - Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Company believes that the disclosures herein are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In the opinion of management, the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary to a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented. The results for the three months ended March 31, 2021 are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full fiscal year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020.

### Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, its majority-owned subsidiaries and entities the Company identifies as variable interest entities ("VIEs") of which the Company is determined to be the primary beneficiary. For information on the Company's VIEs, see Note 16, "Retail Joint Venture." All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable, including casino and hotel receivables, are typically non-interest bearing and are recorded at amortized cost. Casino receivables primarily consist of credit issued to patrons in the form of markers and advances paid to gaming promoters. The Company issues credit based on factors such as level of play and financial resources, following background and credit checks. The casino credit extended by the Company is generally unsecured and due on demand. Gaming promoter advances are settled shortly after each month end.

An estimated allowance for credit losses is maintained to reduce the Company's receivables to their carrying amount, which reflects the net amount the Company expects to collect. The allowance estimate reflects specific review of customer accounts and outstanding gaming promoter accounts taking into consideration the amount owed, the age of the account, the customer's financial condition, management's experience with historical and current collection trends, current economic and business conditions, and management's expectations of future economic and business conditions and forecasts. Accounts are written off when management deems them to be uncollectible. Recoveries of accounts previously written off are recorded when received.

### Gaming Taxes

The Company is subject to taxes based on gross gaming revenues in the jurisdictions in which it operates, subject to applicable jurisdictional adjustments. These gaming taxes are recorded as casino expenses in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. These taxes totaled \$212.0 million and \$254.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

### Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, "Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting" ("ASU 2020-04"). ASU 2020-04 provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying generally accepted accounting principles to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions affected by reference rate reform if certain criteria are met. In response to the concerns about structural risks of interbank Offered rates and, particularly, the risk of cessation of the London Interbank Offered Rate (referred to as "LIBOR"), regulators in several jurisdictions around the world have undertaken reference rate reform initiatives to identify alternative reference rates that are more observable or transaction-based and less susceptible to manipulation. ASU 2020-04 also provides companies with optional guidance to ease the potential accounting burden associated with transitioning away from reference rates that are expected to be discontinued. ASU 2020-04 can be adopted no later than December 1, 2022 with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact the adoption of the new guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements.

### Note 3 - Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash consisted of the following (in thousands):

		rch 31, 021	December 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Cash (1)	\$ 2	2,476,330 \$	2,501,452
Cash equivalents (2)		414,077	980,580
Total cash and cash equivalents		2,890,407	3,482,032
Restricted cash (3)		6,864	4,352
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 2	2,897,271 \$	3,486,384
	:=====================================		

Cash consists of cash on hand and bank deposits.

<sup>(2)</sup> Cash equivalents consist of bank time deposits and money market funds.
(3) Restricted cash consists of cash subject to certain contractual restrictions, cash collateral associated with obligations and cash held in a trust in accordance with WML's share award plan.

### Note 4 - Receivables, net

Accounts Receivable and Credit Risk

Receivables, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Casino	\$ 232,763	\$ 207,823
Hotel	7,312	7,075
Other	77,674	85,589
	 317,749	300,487
Less: allowance for credit losses	(102,412)	(100,329)
	\$ 215,337	\$ 200,158

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, approximately 75.8% and 77.3%, respectively, of the Company's markers were due from customers residing outside the United States, primarily in Asia. Business or economic conditions or other significant events in the countries in which the Company's customers reside could affect the collectability of such receivables.

The Company's allowance for casino credit losses was 43.0% and 47.2% of gross casino receivables as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively. Although the Company believes that its allowance is adequate, it is possible the estimated amounts of cash collections with respect to receivables could change. The Company's allowance for credit losses from its hotel and other receivables is not material.

The following table shows the movement in the Company's allowance for credit losses recognized for receivables that occurred during the period (in thousands):

	ľ	March 31, 2021	M	Iarch 31, 2020
Balance at beginning of year	\$	100,329	\$	39,317
Provision for credit losses		7,367		20,613
Write-offs		(5,653)		(70)
Recoveries of receivables previously written off		501		_
Effect of exchange rate		(132)		111
Balance at end of period	\$	102,412	\$	59,971

### Note 5 - Property and Equipment, net

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Buildings and improvements	\$ 9,747,927	\$ 9,758,846
Land and improvements	1,265,598	1,265,510
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3,107,077	3,093,481
Airplanes	110,623	110,623
Construction in progress	155,586	136,390
	14,386,811	14,364,850
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,336,633)	(5,168,206)
	\$ 9,050,178	\$ 9,196,644

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, construction in progress consisted primarily of costs capitalized for various capital enhancements at the Company's properties.

Depreciation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$177.7 million and \$172.3 million, respectively.

### Note 6 - Goodwill

The following table shows the movement in the Company's goodwill balance that occurred during the three-month period (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 144,095
Acquisitions	_
Foreign currency translation	1,312
Balance at end of period	\$ 145,407

The Company recognized goodwill of \$121.0 million in 2020 in connection with the acquisition of Betbull. Goodwill is included in Corporate and other as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

### Note 7 - Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Macau Related:		
Wynn Macau Credit Facilities (1):		
Wynn Macau Term Loan, due 2022 (2)	\$ 828,460	\$ 1,268,106
Wynn Macau Revolver, due 2022 (3)	457,005	407,443
WML 47/8% Senior Notes, due 2024	600,000	600,000
WML 5 1/2% Senior Notes, due 2026	1,000,000	1,000,000
WML 5 1/2% Senior Notes, due 2027	750,000	750,000
WML 5 5/8% Senior Notes, due 2028	1,350,000	1,350,000
WML 5 1/8% Senior Notes, due 2029	1,000,000	1,000,000
U.S. and Corporate Related:		
WRF Credit Facilities (4):		
WRF Term Loan, due 2024	925,000	937,500
WRF Revolver, due 2024		716,000
WLV 4 1/4% Senior Notes, due 2023	500,000	500,000
WLV 5 1/2% Senior Notes, due 2025	1,780,000	1,780,000
WLV 5 1/4% Senior Notes, due 2027	880,000	880,000
WRF 7 3/4% Senior Notes, due 2025	600,000	600,000
WRF 5 1/8% Senior Notes, due 2029	750,000	750,000
Retail Term Loan, due 2025 (5)	615,000	615,000
	 12,035,465	13,154,049
Less: Unamortized debt issuance costs and original issue discounts and premium, net	(81,831)	(88,279)
	11,953,634	13,065,770
Less: Current portion of long-term debt	(198,465)	(596,408)
Total long-term debt, net of current portion	\$ 11,755,169	\$ 12,469,362

- (1) The borrowings under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities bear interest at LIBOR or HIBOR plus a margin of 1.50% to 2.25% per annum based on Wynn Resorts Macau S.A.'s leverage ratio.
- (2) Approximately \$469.2 million and \$359.3 million of the Wynn Macau Term Loan bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.25% per year and HIBOR plus 2.25% per year, respectively. As of
- March 31, 2021, the weighted average interest rate was approximately 2.37%. In January 2021, the Company prepaid \$412.5 million of the Wynn Macau Term Loan.

  (3) Approximately \$260.2 million and \$196.8 million of the Wynn Macau Revolver bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 2.25% per year and HIBOR plus 2.25% per year, respectively. As of March 31, 2021, the weighted average interest rate was approximately 2.38%. As of March 31, 2021, the available borrowing capacity under the Wynn Macau Revolver was \$293.0 million.

  (4) The WRF Credit Facilities bear interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 1.75% per year. As of March 31, 2021, the weighted average interest rate was approximately 1.86%. Additionally, as of March 31, 2021, the available borrowing capacity under the WRF Revolver was \$833.9 million, net of \$16.1 million in outstanding letters of credit.
- (5) The Retail Term Loan bears interest at a rate of LIBOR plus 1.70% per year. As of March 31, 2021, the effective interest rate was 2.70%.

### Debt Covenant Compliance

As of March 31, 2021, management believes the Company was in compliance with all debt covenants.

### Fair Value of Long-Term Debt

The estimated fair value of the Company's long-term debt as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, was approximately \$12.31 billion and \$13.35 billion, respectively, compared to its carrying value, excluding debt issuance costs and original issue discount and premium, of \$12.04 billion and \$13.15 billion, respectively. The estimated fair value of the Company's long-term debt is based on recent trades, if available, and indicative pricing from market information (Level 2 inputs).

### Note 8 - Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

### **Equity Offering**

On February 11, 2021, the Company completed a registered public offering of 7,475,000 newly issued shares of its common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, at a price of \$115.00 per share for proceeds of \$841.9 million, net of \$17.7 million in underwriting discounts, commissions, and other expenses. The Company used \$716.0 million of the proceeds from the equity offering to repay the outstanding borrowings under the WRF Revolver, and intends to use the remaining net proceeds for general corporate purposes.

### Dividends

During the first quarter of 2020, the Company paid a cash dividend of \$1.00 per share, and recorded \$107.5 million as a reduction of retained earnings from cash dividends declared.

On May 6, 2020, the Company announced that it had suspended its quarterly dividend program due to the financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

### Noncontrolling Interests

The WML board of directors concluded not to recommend the payment of a dividend with respect to either of the years ended December 31, 2020 or 2019 due to the financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As such, WML paid no dividends during 2020 or the three months ended March 31, 2021.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Retail Joint Venture did not make any distribution to its non-controlling interest holder. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Retail Joint Venture made aggregate distributions of approximately \$1.0 million to its non-controlling interest holder. For more information on the Retail Joint Venture, see Note 16, "Retail Joint Venture".

#### Note 9 - Fair Value Measurements

The following tables present assets and liabilities carried at fair value (in thousands):

•				g:			
		March 31, 2021	Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)			Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets:							
Cash equivalents	\$	414,077	\$	50,000	\$	364,077	_
Restricted cash	\$	6,864	\$	4,867	\$	1,997	_
Liabilities:							
Interest rate collar	\$	12,499		_	\$	12,499	_
			Fair				
				Fair	r Val	ue Measurements Usin	g:
		December 31, 2020		Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	r Val	ue Measurements Usin Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	g: Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets:				Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets	r Val	Other Observable Inputs	Unobservable Inputs
Assets: Cash equivalents	\$		\$	Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets	r Val	Other Observable Inputs	Unobservable Inputs
	\$ \$	2020	\$ \$	Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)		Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable Inputs
Cash equivalents		980,580		Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	\$	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable Inputs
Cash equivalents		980,580		Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	\$	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable Inputs

### **Note 10 - Customer Contract Liabilities**

In providing goods and services to its customers, there is often a timing difference between the Company receiving cash and the Company recording revenue for providing services or holding events.

The Company's primary liabilities associated with customer contracts are as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2021	Ι	ecember 31, 2020	Increase (decrease)	М	arch 31, 2020	Ι	December 31, 2019	Increase (decrease)
Casino outstanding chips and front money deposits (1)	\$ 461,343	\$	596,463	\$ (135,120)	\$	857,233	\$	769,053	\$ 88,180
Advance room deposits and ticket sales (2)	40,062		29,224	10,838		29,293		49,834	(20,541)
Other gaming-related liabilities (3)	9,608		7,882	1,726		5,485		13,970	(8,485)
Loyalty program and related liabilities (4)	24,967		22,736	2,231		20,397		21,148	(751)
	\$ 535,980	\$	656,305	\$ (120,325)	\$	912,408	\$	854,005	\$ 58,403

<sup>(1)</sup> Casino outstanding chips generally represent amounts owed to gaming promoters and customers for chips in their possession, and casino front money deposits represent funds deposited by customers before gaming play occurs. These amounts are included in customer deposits on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and may be recognized as revenue or redeemed for cash in the future.

<sup>(2)</sup> Advance room deposits and ticket sales represent cash received in advance for goods or services to be provided in the future. These amounts are included in customer deposits on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and will be recognized as revenue when the goods or services are provided or the events are held. Decreases in this balance generally represent the recognition of revenue and increases in the balance represent additional deposits made by customers. The deposits are expected to primarily be recognized as revenue within one year.

<sup>(3)</sup> Other gaming-related liabilities generally represent unpaid wagers primarily in the form of unredeemed slot, race and sportsbook tickets or wagers for future sporting events. The amounts are included in other accrued liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

<sup>(4)</sup> Loyalty program and related liabilities represent the deferral of revenue until the loyalty points or other complimentaries are redeemed. The amounts are included in other accrued liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and are expected to be recognized as revenue within one year of being earned by customers.

### Note 11 - Stock-Based Compensation

The total compensation cost for stock-based compensation plans was recorded as follows (in thousands):

		Three Months l	Ended March 31,			
	2021			2020		
Casino (1)	\$	3,891	\$	(896)		
Rooms		506		349		
Food and beverage		1,150		637		
Entertainment, retail and other		4,300		73		
General and administrative		14,499		9,201		
Total stock-based compensation expense		24,346		9,364		
Total stock-based compensation capitalized		905		217		
Total stock-based compensation costs	\$	25,251	\$	9,581		

<sup>(1)</sup> For the three months ended March 31, 2020, reflects the reversal of \$3.3 million of compensation cost previously recognized for awards forfeited in connection with the departure of an employee.

#### Note 12 - Income Taxes

The Company recorded an income tax expense of \$0.5 million and \$75.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The 2021 income tax expense primarily related to the Macau dividend tax agreement that provides for an annual payment of MOP 12.8 million (approximately \$1.6 million) as complementary tax otherwise due by stockholders of Wynn Macau SA. The 2020 income tax expense primarily related to the increase in the valuation allowance for U.S. foreign tax credits.

In March 2021, the Company received an extension of its Macau dividend tax agreement, providing for a payment of MOP 12.8 million (approximately \$1.6 million) for 2021 and MOP 6.3 million (approximately \$0.8 million) for the period ending June 26, 2022, the expiration date of the gaming concession agreement.

The Company records valuation allowances on certain of its U.S. and foreign deferred tax assets. During the third quarter of 2020, the Company concluded it could no longer rely on forecasted future taxable income in assessing a valuation allowance on its deferred tax assets. This conclusion was reached due to cumulative operating losses incurred by the Company and tax legislation that reduced future sources of taxable income. As of March 31, 2021, the Company continues to rely solely on the reversal of net taxable temporary differences in assessing a need for a valuation allowance.

In April 2020, Wynn Macau SA received an extension of the exemption from Macau's 12% Complementary Tax on casino gaming profits earned from January 1, 2021 to June 26, 2022, the expiration date of the gaming concession agreement.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not have any casino gaming profits exempt from the Macau Complementary Tax. The Company's non-gaming profits remain subject to the Macau Complementary Tax and its casino winnings remain subject to the Macau special gaming tax and other levies in accordance with its concession agreement.

In March 2021, the Financial Services Bureau concluded its review of the 2017 and 2018 Macau income tax returns of Palo with no changes.

### Note 13 - Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period increased to include the number of additional shares of common stock that would have been outstanding if the potential dilutive securities had been issued, to the extent such impact is not anti-dilutive. Potentially dilutive securities include outstanding stock options and unvested restricted stock.

The weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted EPS consisted of the following (in thousands, except per share amounts):

		Three Months E	nded	March 31,
		2021		2020
Numerator:				
Net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited	\$	(280,978)	\$	(402,037)
Denominator:				
Weighted average common shares outstanding		111,020		106,663
Potential dilutive effect of stock options, nonvested, and performance nonvested shares				
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding		111,020		106,663
Net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited per common share, basic	\$	(2.53)	\$	(3.77)
Net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited per common share, diluted	\$	(2.53)	\$	(3.77)
	·			
Anti-dilutive stock options, nonvested, and performance nonvested shares excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share		1,235		1,209

### Note 14 - Leases

#### Lessor Arrangements

The following table presents the minimum and contingent operating lease income for the periods presented (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2021	2020		
Minimum rental income	\$ 22,738	\$	31,650	
Contingent rental income	26,006		6,679	
Total rental income	\$ 48,744	\$	38,329	

### Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies

### Litigation

In addition to the actions noted below, the Company and its affiliates are involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, such litigation is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

### Massachusetts Gaming License Related Actions

On September 17, 2014, the Massachusetts Gaming Commission ("MGC") designated Wynn MA the award winner of the Greater Boston (Region A) gaming license (the "Boston area license"). On November 7, 2014, the gaming license became effective.

### Revere Action

On October 16, 2014, the City of Revere, the host community to the unsuccessful bidder for the Boston area license, the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, Local 103, and several individuals, filed a complaint against the MGC and its gaming commissioners in Suffolk Superior Court in Boston, Massachusetts (the "Revere Action"). Mohegan Sun ("Mohegan"), the other applicant for the Boston area license, joined the lawsuit and challenged the MGC's award of the Boston area license. On December 3, 2015, the court granted the MGC's motion to dismiss the claims asserted in the Revere Action and the court dismissed all claims except Mohegan's claim alleging procedural error by the MGC in granting the license to Wynn MA. The

plaintiffs appealed. After multiple appeals and cross appeals, only two claims remained: (1) individual plaintiffs' claim for violation of the open meeting laws; and (2) Mohegan's claim for procedural error. On July 12, 2019, the Suffolk Superior Court granted the MGC's motion for summary judgment and dismissed the open meeting law claim, leaving only Mohegan's procedural claim for procedural error.

On August 2, 2019, Mohegan filed a motion to file a second amended complaint, to add new claims related to the MGC's allegedly inadequate 2013 investigation. On October 15, 2019, the court granted Mohegan's motion to amend and allowed it to file a second amended intervenor's complaint.

Wynn MA is not a party to and is not named in the Revere Action.

### Derivative Litigation

A number of stockholder derivative actions were filed in state and federal court located in Clark County, Nevada against certain current and former members of the Company's Board of Directors and, in some cases, the Company's current and former officers. Each of the complaints alleged, among other things, breach of fiduciary duties in failing to detect, prevent and remedy alleged inappropriate personal conduct by Stephen A. Wynn in the workplace.

The actions filed in the Eighth Judicial District Court of Clark County, Nevada were consolidated as *In re Wynn Resorts*, *Ltd. Derivative Litigation* ("State Derivative Case").

On June 3, 2019, a separate stockholder derivative action was filed in the Eighth Judicial District Court of Clark County, Nevada alleging substantially similar causes of action as the State Derivative Case with the additional allegation that various of the Company's attorneys committed professional malpractice, and certain current and former executives also breached fiduciary duties and aided and abetted the breach of fiduciary duties, in connection with the alleged inappropriate personal conduct by Stephen A. Wynn in the workplace. This case was consolidated in September 2019 into the State Derivative Case.

On November 27, 2019, the State Derivative Case parties agreed to terms of a settlement agreement. The court approved the settlement agreement on February 12, 2020, and entered a written order approving the settlement on March 10, 2020. Following the Nevada Supreme Court's dismissal of the only appeal, the settlement agreement became effective and final. Following the dismissal, the Company received net proceeds of \$30.2 million, which has been recognized as a reduction of general and administrative expense within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

In 2018, several actions filed in the United States District Court, District of Nevada were consolidated as *In re Wynn Resorts*, *Ltd. Derivative Litigation* ("Federal Derivative Case"), which also claim corporate waste and violation of Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act. In June 2018, the Company filed a motion to dismiss and a motion to stay pending resolution of the Securities Action (described below). On March 29, 2019, the Court granted the Company's request for a stay. On March 25, 2020, the parties stipulated to dismiss the Federal Derivative Case given the approved settlement in the State Derivative Case.

On March 25, 2019, a separate stockholder derivative action was filed in the United States District Court, District of Nevada alleging similar causes of action as the Federal Derivative Case with the additional allegation that the Board of Directors improperly refused the stockholder's demand to commence litigation against the officers and directors of the Company. On April 30, 2020, the Company filed a motion for summary judgment, seeking dismissal of the claims given the approved settlement in the State Derivative Case. On January 12, 2021, the court granted the Company's motion for summary judgment of this action and denied the stockholder's request to vacate the parties' stipulation to dismiss the Federal Derivative Case. On February 11, 2021, the stockholder filed a notice of appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit.

Each of the actions sought to recover for the Company unspecified damages, including restitution and disgorgement of profits, and also sought to recover attorneys' fees, costs and related expenses for the plaintiff.

### Securities Action

On February 20, 2018, a putative securities class action was filed against the Company and certain current and former officers of the Company in the United States District Court, Southern District of New York (which was subsequently transferred to the United States District Court, District of Nevada) by John V. Ferris and Joann M. Ferris on behalf of all persons who purchased the Company's common stock between February 28, 2014 and January 25, 2018. The complaint alleges,

among other things, certain violations of federal securities laws and seeks to recover unspecified damages as well as attorneys' fees, costs and related expenses for the plaintiffs. On April 15, 2019, the Company filed a motion to dismiss, which the court granted on May 27, 2020, with leave to amend. On July 1, 2020, the plaintiffs filed an amended complaint. On August 14, 2020, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the amended complaint, which is pending decision from the court.

The defendants in these actions will vigorously defend against the claims pleaded against them. These actions are in preliminary stages and management has determined that based on proceedings to date, it is currently unable to determine the probability of the outcome of these actions or the range of reasonably possible loss, if any.

### Federal Investigation

From time to time, the Company receives regulatory inquiries about compliance with anti-money laundering laws. The Company received requests for information from the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Southern District of California relating to its anti-money laundering policies and procedures, and in the first half of 2020, received two grand jury subpoenas regarding various transactions at Wynn Las Vegas relating to certain patrons and agents who reside or operate in foreign jurisdictions. The Company continues to cooperate with the U.S. Attorney's Office in its investigation, which remains ongoing. Because no charges or claims have been brought, the Company is unable to predict the outcome of the investigation, the extent of the materiality of the outcome, or reasonably estimate the possible range of loss, if any, which could be associated with the resolution of any possible charges or claims that may be brought against the Company.

### Note 16 - Retail Joint Venture

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Retail Joint Venture had total assets of \$103.9 million and \$96.3 million, respectively, and total liabilities of \$629.7 million and \$633.5 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the Retail Joint Venture's liabilities included long-term debt of \$612.5 million and \$612.3 million, respectively, net of debt issuance costs, related to the outstanding borrowings under the Retail Term Loan.

### **Note 17 - Segment Information**

The Company reviews the results of operations for each of its operating segments, and identifies reportable segments based upon factors such as geography, regulatory environment, and the Company's organizational and management reporting structure. Wynn Macau and Encore, an expansion at Wynn Macau, are managed as a single integrated resort and have been aggregated as one reportable segment ("Wynn Macau"). Wynn Palace is presented as a separate reportable segment and is combined with Wynn Macau for geographical presentation. Other Macau primarily represents the assets for the Company's Macau holding company. Wynn Las Vegas, Encore, an expansion at Wynn Las Vegas, and the Retail Joint Venture are managed as a single integrated resort and have been aggregated as one reportable segment ("Las Vegas Operations"). Encore Boston Harbor is presented as one reportable segment.

The following tables present the Company's segment information (in thousands):

		arch 31,		
		2021		2020
Operating revenues				
Macau Operations:				
Wynn Palace				
Casino	\$	185,909	\$	207,576
Rooms		17,012		19,710
Food and beverage		11,672		13,298
Entertainment, retail and other (1)		22,733		18,929
		237,326		259,513
Wynn Macau				
Casino		138,927		190,128
Rooms		14,702		15,911
Food and beverage		7,433		9,531
Entertainment, retail and other (1)		18,589		13,919
		179,651		229,489
Total Macau Operations		416,977		489,002
Las Vegas Operations:				
Casino		79,903		71,295
Rooms		39,761		106,105
Food and beverage		40,077		105,979
Entertainment, retail and other (1)		18,975		40,445
Total Las Vegas Operations		178,716		323,824
Encore Boston Harbor:				
Casino		111,479		101,790
Rooms		4,715		10,955
Food and beverage		9,327		20,606
Entertainment, retail and other (1)		4,569		7,539
Total Encore Boston Harbor		130,090		140,890
		,		-
Total operating revenues	\$	725,783	\$	953,716

	Three Months	Ended March 31,
	2021	2020
Adjusted Property EBITDA (2)		
Macau Operations:		
Wynn Palace	\$ 27,369	\$ 10,176
Wynn Macau	16,556	19,208
Total Macau Operations	43,925	29,384
Las Vegas Operations (3)	28,081	(22,077)
Encore Boston Harbor (4)	30,363	(12,636)
Corporate and other	(43,469)	<u> </u>
Total	58,900	(5,329)
Other operating expenses		
Pre-opening	1,627	2,551
Depreciation and amortization	185,121	178,746
Property charges and other	5,617	27,229
Corporate expenses and other	17,921	24,192
Stock-based compensation	24,346	9,364
Total other operating expenses	234,632	242,082
Operating loss	(175,732)	(247,411)
Other non-operating income and expenses		
Interest income	904	7,953
Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized	(152,852)	(128,827)
Change in derivatives fair value	4,409	(15,660)
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(1,322)	(843)
Other	(11,093)	10,335
Total other non-operating income and expenses	(159,954)	(127,042)
Loss before income taxes	(335,686)	(374,453)
Provision for income taxes	(493)	(75,800)
Net loss	(336,179)	(450,253)
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	55,201	48,216
Net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited	\$ (280,978)	\$ (402,037)

(1) Includes lease revenue accounted for under lease accounting guidance. For more information on leases, see Note 14, "Leases".

Adjusted Property EBITDA may be different from the calculation methods used by other companies and, therefore, comparability may be limited.

(3) For the three months ended March 31, 2020, includes \$56.4 million of expense accrued during the quarter related to the Company's commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of its U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020.

(4) For the three months ended March 31, 2020, includes \$19.3 million of expense accrued during the quarter related to the Company's commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of its U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020.

<sup>(2) &</sup>quot;Adjusted Property EBITDA" is net loss before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, pre-opening expenses, property charges and other, management and license fees, corporate expenses and other (including intercompany golf course, meeting and convention, and water rights leases), stock-based compensation, change in derivatives fair value, loss on extinguishment of debt, and other non-operating income and expenses. Adjusted Property EBITDA is presented exclusively as a supplemental disclosure because management believes that it is widely used to measure the performance, and as a basis for valuation, of gaming companies. Management uses Adjusted Property EBITDA as a measure of the operating performance of its segments and to compare the operating performance of its properties with those of its competitors, as well as a basis for determining certain incentive compensation. We also present Adjusted Property EBITDA because it is used by some investors to measure a company's ability to incur and service debt, make capital expenditures and meet working capital requirements. Gaming companies have historically reported EBITDA as a supplement to GAAP. In order to view the operations of their casinos on a more stand-alone basis, gaming companies, including us, have historically excluded from their EBITDA calculations preopening expenses, property charges, corporate expenses and stock-based compensation, that do not relate to the management of specific casino properties. However, Adjusted Property EBITDA should not be considered as an alternative to operating income as an indicator of our performance, as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity, or as an alternative to any other measure determined in accordance with GAAP. Unlike net income, Adjusted Property EBITDA does not include depreciation or interest expense and therefore does not reflect current or future capital expenditures or the cost of capital. We have significant uses of cash flows, including capital e

	March 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		
Assets					
Macau Operations:					
Wynn Palace	\$ 3,310,394	\$	3,393,790		
Wynn Macau	1,054,456		1,202,709		
Other Macau	1,537,208		2,026,098		
Total Macau Operations	5,902,058		6,622,597		
Las Vegas Operations	2,993,182		2,992,870		
Encore Boston Harbor	2,276,657		2,300,016		
Corporate and other	1,995,014		1,954,064		
Total	\$ 13,166,911	\$	13,869,547		

### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by, the condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this Form 10-Q and the consolidated financial statements appearing in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. Unless the context otherwise requires, all references herein to the "Company," "we," "us," or "our," or similar terms, refer to Wynn Resorts, Limited, a Nevada corporation, and its consolidated subsidiaries. This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements. Please refer to the section below entitled "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

### Overview

We are a designer, developer, and operator of integrated resorts featuring luxury hotel rooms, high-end retail space, an array of dining and entertainment options, meeting and convention facilities, and gaming, all supported by an unparalleled focus on our guests, our people, and our community. Through our approximately 72% ownership of WML, we operate two integrated resorts in the Macau Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China ("Macau"), Wynn Palace and Wynn Macau (collectively, our "Macau Operations"). In Las Vegas, Nevada, we operate and, with the exception of certain retail space, own 100% of Wynn Las Vegas, which we also refer to as our Las Vegas Operations. On June 23, 2019, we opened Encore Boston Harbor, an integrated resort in Everett, Massachusetts. In October 2020, Wynn Interactive Ltd. ("Wynn Interactive") was formed through the merger of our U.S. online sports betting and gaming business, social casino business, and our strategic partner, BetBull Limited ("BetBull"). Following the merger and subsequent transactions, Wynn Resorts holds an approximately 74% interest in, and consolidates, Wynn Interactive. The results of Wynn Interactive are presented within Corporate and other.

### Recent Developments Related to COVID-19

Since the outbreak of COVID-19 in early 2020, steps have been taken by various countries, including those in which the Company operates, to advise citizens to avoid non-essential travel, to restrict inbound international travel, to implement closures of non-essential operations, and to implement quarantines and lockdowns to contain the spread of the virus. As part of the immediate response to the initial outbreak of COVID-19, each of the Company's properties was subject to partial or full closure for varying lengths of time during 2020, and have all since reopened with certain COVID-19 specific protective measures, such as limiting the number of seats per table game, slot machine spacing, temperature checks, mask protection, and suspension of certain entertainment and nightlife offerings. Several vaccines have been granted authorization in numerous countries and are being rolled out to citizens based on availability and priority of need. There can be no assurance as to when a sufficient number of individuals will be vaccinated, permitting travel restrictions to be fully lifted.

### Macau Operations

Visitation to Macau has fallen significantly since the outbreak of COVID-19, driven by the strong deterrent effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on travel and social activities, quarantine measures in Macau and elsewhere, travel and entry restrictions and conditions in Macau, the PRC, Hong Kong and Taiwan involving COVID-19 testing, among other things, and the suspension or reduced accessibility of transportation to and from Macau. Beginning in June 2020 certain restrictions and conditions have eased to allow for visitation to Macau as certain regions recover from the COVID-19 pandemic. Quarantine-free travel, subject to COVID-19 safeguards such as testing and the usual visa requirements, has been reintroduced between Macau and most areas and cities within the PRC, and in September 2020, PRC authorities fully resumed the IVS exit visa program, which permits individual PRC citizens from nearly 50 PRC cities to travel to Macau for tourism purposes. Total visitation from PRC to Macau decreased by 31.7% in the quarter ended March 31, 2021, compared with the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

Given the evolving conditions created by and in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, measures that have been lifted may be reintroduced if there are adverse developments in the COVID-19 situation in Macau and other regions with access to Macau.

### Las Vegas Operations and Encore Boston Harbor

The Company's Las Vegas Operations and Encore Boston Harbor have each implemented certain COVID-19 specific protective measures, such as limiting the number of seats per table game, slot machine spacing, temperature checks, mask protection, and suspension of certain entertainment and nightlife offerings. On April 8, 2021, Encore at Wynn Las Vegas resumed full operations, having previously adjusted its operating schedule to five days/four nights each week due to reduced customer demand levels beginning on October 19, 2020. On April 13, 2021, the Governor of Nevada announced that the statewide social distancing mandate will be removed and decisions on social distancing will be returned to local authority by May 1, 2021, with a goal to have all Nevada counties open to 100% capacity by June 1, 2021. The Gaming Control Board will continue to maintain authority over gaming areas of licensed properties in Nevada. On May 3, 2021, the Gaming Control Board announced that, effective immediately, the Company's Las Vegas Operations are permitted to reopen all gaming areas to 100% of capacity, with no continuing table game or slot machine spacing restrictions. At Encore Boston Harbor, on January 25, 2021, limitations on operating hours that had been in place since November 2020 were lifted, and the property restored certain operations and reopened its hotel tower on a Thursday through Sunday weekly schedule.

The COVID-19 pandemic has had and will continue to have an adverse effect on the Company's results of operations. Notwithstanding the easing of certain COVID-19 protective measures by authorities throughout the world, certain travel restrictions, quarantine measures, testing requirements, and capacity limitations remain in effect, and the Company is currently unable to determine when protective measures and the suspension of certain offerings in effect at our Macau Operations, Las Vegas Operations, and Encore Boston Harbor will be lifted. Given the uncertainty around the extent and timing of the potential future spread or mitigation of COVID-19 and around the imposition or relaxation of protective measures, management cannot reasonably estimate the impact to the Company's future results of operations, cash flows, or financial condition.

### **Key Operating Measures**

Certain key operating measures specific to the gaming industry are included in our discussion of our operational performance for the periods for which the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations are presented. These key operating measures are presented as supplemental disclosures because management and/or certain investors use these measures to better understand period-over-period fluctuations in our casino and hotel operating revenues. These key operating measures are defined below:

- Table drop in mass market for our Macau Operations is the amount of cash that is deposited in a gaming table's drop box plus cash chips purchased at the casino cage.
- Table drop for our Las Vegas Operations is the amount of cash and net markers issued that are deposited in a gaming table's drop box.
- Table drop for Encore Boston Harbor is the amount of cash and gross markers issued that are deposited in a gaming table's drop box.
- Rolling chips are non-negotiable identifiable chips that are used to track turnover for purposes of calculating incentives within our Macau Operations' VIP program.
- Turnover is the sum of all losing rolling chip wagers within our Macau Operations' VIP program.
- Table games win is the amount of table drop or turnover that is retained and recorded as casino revenues. Table games win is before discounts, commissions and the allocation of casino revenues to rooms, food and beverage and other revenues for services provided to casino customers on a complimentary basis. Table games win does not include poker rake.
- Slot machine win is the amount of handle (representing the total amount wagered) that is retained by us and is recorded as casino revenues. Slot machine win is after adjustment for progressive accruals and free play, but before discounts and the allocation of casino revenues to rooms, food and beverage and other revenues for services provided to casino customers on a complimentary basis.
- Poker rake is the portion of cash wagered by patrons in our poker rooms that is retained by the casino as a service fee, after adjustment for progressive accruals, but before the allocation of casino revenues to rooms, food and beverage and other revenues for services provided to casino customers on a complimentary basis. Poker tables are not included in our measure of average number of table games.
- Average daily rate ("ADR") is calculated by dividing total room revenues, including complimentaries (less service charges, if any), by total rooms occupied.
- Revenue per available room ("REVPAR") is calculated by dividing total room revenues, including complimentaries (less service charges, if any), by total rooms available.

Occupancy is calculated by dividing total occupied rooms, including complimentary rooms, by the total rooms available.

Below is a discussion of the methodologies used to calculate win percentages at our resorts.

In our VIP operations in Macau, customers primarily purchase rolling chips from the casino cage and can only use them to make wagers. Winning wagers are paid in cash chips. The loss of the rolling chips in the VIP operations is recorded as turnover and provides a base for calculating VIP win percentage. It is customary in Macau to measure VIP play using this rolling chip method. We expect our win as a percentage of turnover from these operations to be within the range of 2.7% to 3.0%.

In our mass market operations in Macau, customers may purchase cash chips at either the gaming tables or at the casino cage. The measurements from our VIP and mass market operations are not comparable as the measurement method used in our mass market operations tracks the initial purchase of chips at the table and at the casino cage, while the measurement method from our VIP operations tracks the sum of all losing wagers. Accordingly, the base measurement from the VIP operations is much larger than the base measurement from the mass market operations. As a result, the expected win percentage with the same amount of gaming win is lower in the VIP operations when compared to the mass market operations.

In Las Vegas, customers purchase chips at the gaming tables in exchange for cash and markers. Customers may then redeem markers at the gaming tables or at the casino cage. The cash and markers, net of redemptions, used to purchase chips are deposited in the gaming table's drop box. This is the base of measurement that we use for calculating win percentage. Each type of table game has its own theoretical win percentage. Our expected table games win percentage is 22% to 26%.

At Encore Boston Harbor, customers purchase chips at the gaming tables in exchange for cash and markers. Customers may then redeem markers only at the casino cage. The cash and gross markers used to purchase chips are deposited in the gaming table's drop box. This is the base of measurement that we use for calculating win percentage. Each type of table game has its own theoretical win percentage. Our expected table games win percentage is 18% to 22%.

### **Results of Operations**

Summary of first quarter 2021 results

The following table summarizes our financial results for the periods presented (in thousands, except per share data):

	Three Months Ended March 31,						
		2021 2020			Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent Change	
Operating revenues	\$	725,783	\$	953,716	\$ (227,933)	(23.9)	
Net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited		(280,978)		(402,037)	121,059	30.1	
Diluted net loss per share		(2.53)		(3.77)	1.24	32.9	
Adjusted Property EBITDA (1)		58,900		(5,329)	64,229	NM	

(1) See Item 1—"Financial Statements," Note 17, "Segment Information," for a reconciliation of Adjusted Property EBITDA to net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited. NM - Not meaningful.

The decrease in operating revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily driven by decreases of \$22.2 million, \$49.8 million, \$145.1 million, and \$10.8 million from Wynn Palace, Wynn Macau, our Las Vegas Operations, and Encore Boston Harbor, respectively. These decreases were precipitated by the continued adverse effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, including travel restrictions and capacity limitations at our Macau Operations, our Las Vegas Operations, and Encore Boston Harbor.

The decrease in net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily related to decreased operating expenses at our integrated resort properties. In addition, net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited for the first quarter of 2020 included the impact of \$75.7 million of expense related to our commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of our U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020.

The increase in Adjusted Property EBITDA for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was primarily driven by decreased operating expenses at our integrated resort properties. Adjusted Property EBITDA increased \$17.2 million, \$50.2 million, and \$43.0 million at Wynn Palace, our Las Vegas Operations, and Encore Boston Harbor, respectively, and decreased \$2.7 million at Wynn Macau and \$43.5 million at Corporate and other, respectively. In addition, Adjusted Property EBITDA for the first quarter of 2020 included the impact of \$75.7 million of expense related to our commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of our U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020.

### Financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2021 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2020.

### Operating revenues

The following table presents our operating revenues (in thousands):

	Three Months I	Ended March 31,			
	 2021	2020	ncrease/ Decrease)	Percent Change	
Operating revenues			 		
Macau Operations:					
Wynn Palace	\$ 237,326	\$ 259,513	\$ (22,187)	(8.5)	
Wynn Macau	179,651	229,489	(49,838)	(21.7)	
Total Macau Operations	 416,977	489,002	 (72,025)	(14.7)	
Las Vegas Operations	178,716	323,824	(145,108)	(44.8)	
Encore Boston Harbor	130,090	140,890	(10,800)	(7.7)	
	\$ 725,783	\$ 953,716	\$ (227,933)	(23.9)	

NM - Not meaningful.

The following table presents our casino and non-casino operating revenues (in thousands):

	Th	ree Months I	Ended Marcl	h 31,			
	20	2021 2020		Increase/ (Decrease)		Percent Change	
Operating revenues							
Casino revenues	\$	516,218	\$	570,789	\$	(54,571)	(9.6)
Non-casino revenues:							
Rooms		76,190		152,681		(76,491)	(50.1)
Food and beverage		68,509		149,414		(80,905)	(54.1)
Entertainment, retail and other		64,866		80,832		(15,966)	(19.8)
Total non-casino revenues		209,565		382,927		(173,362)	(45.3)
	\$	725,783	\$	953,716	\$	(227,933)	(23.9)

Casino revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were 71.1% of operating revenues, compared to 59.8% for the same period of 2020. Non-casino revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were 28.9% of operating revenues, compared to 40.2% for the same period of 2020.

### Casino revenues

Casino revenues decreased primarily due to decreased VIP turnover and VIP table games win at our Macau Operations, partially offset by increased slot machine win at our Las Vegas Operations and Encore Boston Harbor. The table below sets forth our casino revenues and associated key operating measures (dollars in thousands, except for win per unit per day):

measures (donars in thousands, except for win per unit per day).		Three Months Ended March 31,					
	· ·	2021		2020	=	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent Change
Macau Operations (1):							
Wynn Palace:							
Total casino revenues	\$	185,909	\$	207,576	\$	(21,667)	(10.4)
VIP:							
Average number of table games		103		89		14	15.7
VIP turnover	\$	2,200,182	\$	4,792,454	\$	(2,592,272)	(54.1)
VIP table games win	\$	96,456	\$	139,569	\$	(43,113)	(30.9)
VIP win as a % of turnover		4.38 %	)	2.91 %		1.47	
Table games win per unit per day	\$	10,375	\$	20,257	\$	(9,882)	(48.8)
Mass market:							
Average number of table games		222		179		43	24.0
Table drop	\$	607,518	\$	475,223	\$	132,295	27.8
Table games win	\$	131,649	\$	130,714	\$	935	0.7
Table games win %		21.7 %	)	27.5 %		(5.8)	
Table games win per unit per day	\$	6,596	\$	9,507	\$	(2,911)	(30.6)
Average number of slot machines		687		733		(46)	(6.3)
Slot machine handle	\$	358,772	\$	424,714	\$	(65,942)	(15.5)
Slot machine win	\$	14,243	\$	18,405	\$	(4,162)	(22.6)
Slot machine win per unit per day	\$	230	\$	326	\$	(96)	(29.4)
Wynn Macau:						` '	· · · · · ·
Total casino revenues	\$	138,927	\$	190,128	\$	(51,201)	(26.9)
VIP:						,	,
Average number of table games		90		81		9	11.1
VIP turnover	\$	1,804,382	\$	2,964,146	\$	(1,159,764)	(39.1)
VIP table games win	\$	58,635	\$	122,625	\$	(63,990)	(52.2)
VIP win as a % of turnover		3.25 %	)	4.14 %		(0.89)	,
Table games win per unit per day	\$	7,239	\$	19,702	\$	(12,463)	(63.3)
Mass market:						, ,	,
Average number of table games		240		183		57	31.1
Table drop	\$	590,890	\$	578,235	\$	12,655	2.2
Table games win	\$	105,183	\$	117,941	\$	(12,758)	(10.8)
Table games win %		17.8 %	)	20.4 %		(2.6)	,
Table games win per unit per day	\$	4,871	\$	8,372	\$	(3,501)	(41.8)
Average number of slot machines		569		634		(65)	(10.3)
Slot machine handle	\$	301,271	\$	366,537	\$	(65,266)	(17.8)
Slot machine win	\$	10,208	\$	13,295	\$	(3,087)	(23.2)
Slot machine win per unit per day	\$	199	\$	272	\$	(73)	(26.8)
Poker rake	\$	_	\$	2,083	\$	(2,083)	(100.0)

	 Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2021		2020		Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent Change
Las Vegas Operations (2):						
Total casino revenues	\$ 79,903	\$	71,295	\$	8,608	12.1
Average number of table games	172		237		(65)	(27.4)
Table drop	\$ 324,531	\$	414,933	\$	(90,402)	(21.8)
Table games win	\$ 76,653	\$	82,666	\$	(6,013)	(7.3)
Table games win %	23.6 %	)	19.9 %	)	3.7	
Table games win per unit per day	\$ 4,957	\$	4,530	\$	427	9.4
Average number of slot machines	1,547		1,766		(219)	(12.4)
Slot machine handle	\$ 791,260	\$	664,834	\$	126,426	19.0
Slot machine win	\$ 50,489	\$	46,674	\$	3,815	8.2
Slot machine win per unit per day	\$ 363	\$	343	\$	20	5.8
Poker rake	\$ 1,867	\$	2,175	\$	(308)	(14.2)
Encore Boston Harbor (3):						
Total casino revenues	\$ 111,479	\$	101,790	\$	9,689	9.5
Average number of table games	199		160		39	24.4
Table drop	\$ 234,562	\$	275,631	\$	(41,069)	(14.9)
Table games win	\$ 49,377	\$	57,286	\$	(7,909)	(13.8)
Table games win %	21.1 %	)	20.8 %	)	0.3	
Table games win per unit per day	\$ 2,752	\$	4,826	\$	(2,074)	(43.0)
Average number of slot machines	1,889		2,837		(948)	(33.4)
Slot machine handle	\$ 913,795	\$	767,739	\$	146,056	19.0
Slot machine win	\$ 74,820	\$	59,448	\$	15,372	25.9
Slot machine win per unit per day	\$ 440	\$	283	\$	157	55.5
Poker rake	\$ _	\$	5,105	\$	(5,105)	(100.0)

In response to the initial outbreak of COVID-19 in early 2020, each of our properties was subject to partial or full closure for varying lengths of time during 2020, and each has since reopened

with certain COVID-19 specific protective measures in place.

(1) Our casino operations in Macau were closed for a 15-day period in February 2020 and resumed operations on a reduced basis on February 20, 2020.

(2) Our Las Vegas Operations closed on March 17, 2020 and reopened on June 4, 2020. On October 19, 2020, Encore at Wynn Las Vegas adjusted its operating schedule to five days/four nights each week due to reduced customer demand levels. This adjusted operating schedule remained in effect through the first quarter of 2021, and on April 8, 2021, Encore at Wynn Las Vegas resumed full operations.

<sup>(3)</sup> Encore Boston Harbor closed on March 15, 2020 and reopened on July 10, 2020. In addition, on November 6, 2020, Encore Boston Harbor temporarily suspended hotel operations and overnight casino operations pursuant to a state directive limiting the operating hours of certain businesses, including restaurants and casinos. On January 25, 2021, the limitations on operating hours were lifted, and Encore Boston Harbor restored 24-hour casino operations and reopened its hotel tower on a Thursday through Sunday weekly schedule.

### Non-casino revenues

The table below sets forth our room revenues and associated key operating measures:

	Three Months	Ended	March 31,		
	 2021		2020	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent Change
Macau Operations:					
Wynn Palace:					
Total room revenues (dollars in thousands)	\$ 17,012	\$	19,710	\$ (2,698)	(13.7)
Occupancy	60.4 %		41.6 %	18.8	
ADR	\$ 178	\$	294	\$ (116)	(39.5)
REVPAR	\$ 108	\$	122	\$ (14)	(11.5)
Wynn Macau:					
Total room revenues (dollars in thousands)	\$ 14,702	\$	15,911	\$ (1,209)	(7.6)
Occupancy	60.8 %		49.2 %	11.6	
ADR	\$ 242	\$	321	\$ (79)	(24.6)
REVPAR	\$ 147	\$	158	\$ (11)	(7.0)
Las Vegas Operations (1):					
Total room revenues (dollars in thousands)	\$ 39,761	\$	106,105	\$ (66,344)	(62.5)
Occupancy	35.3 %		80.1 %	(44.8)	
ADR	\$ 331	\$	374	\$ (43)	(11.5)
REVPAR	\$ 117	\$	299	\$ (182)	(60.9)
Encore Boston Harbor (2)(3):					
Total room revenues (dollars in thousands)	\$ 4,715	\$	10,955	\$ (6,240)	(57.0)
Occupancy	71.0 %		75.8 %	(4.8)	
ADR	\$ 276	\$	292	\$ (16)	(5.5)
REVPAR	\$ 196	\$	222	\$ (26)	(11.7)

<sup>(1)</sup> Wynn Las Vegas closed on March 17, 2020 and reopened on June 4, 2020.

Room revenues decreased \$76.5 million, primarily due to lower occupancy at our Las Vegas Operations and Encore Boston Harbor. Encore at Wynn Las Vegas operated on a limited basis with midweek closures throughout the first quarter of 2021 before fully reopening April 8, 2021. The hotel tower at Encore Boston Harbor was closed pursuant to a state directive from November 6, 2020 through January 25, 2021, when it restored certain operations and reopened its hotel tower on a Thursday through Sunday weekly schedule.

Food and beverage revenues decreased \$80.9 million, primarily due to decreased covers at our restaurants and the suspension of nightlife offerings at our Las Vegas Operations as a result of the adverse effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Entertainment, retail and other revenues decreased \$16.0 million, primarily due to the closure of the Le Reve show at our Las Vegas Operations resulting from the adverse effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

<sup>(2)</sup> Encore Boston Harbor closed on March 15, 2020 and reopened on July 10, 2020.
(3) Encore Boston Harbor room statistics have been computed based on 36 days of operation in three months ended March 31, 2021 and 74 days of operation in three months ended March 31, 2020, representing the number of nights hotel rooms were offered for sale to the public.

### Operating expenses

The table below presents operating expenses (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended March 31,						
		2021					Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent Change
C	perating expenses:							
	Casino	\$	351,966	\$ 442,6	590	\$	(90,724)	(20.5)
	Rooms		33,535	73,4	480		(39,945)	(54.4)
	Food and beverage		73,948	175,9	910		(101,962)	(58.0)
	Entertainment, retail and other		62,560	45,5	580		16,980	37.3
	General and administrative		179,774	234,3	328		(54,554)	(23.3)
	Provision for credit losses		7,367	20,6	513		(13,246)	(64.3)
	Pre-opening		1,627	2,5	551		(924)	(36.2)
	Depreciation and amortization		185,121	178,	746		6,375	3.6
	Property charges and other		5,617	27,2	229		(21,612)	(79.4)
T	otal operating expenses	\$	901,515	\$ 1,201,	127	\$	(299,612)	(24.9)

Total operating expenses decreased \$299.6 million compared to the first quarter of 2020, primarily due to decreased expenses related to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our resorts, partially offset by increased entertainment, retail and other expenses and depreciation and amortization expenses. Operating expenses for the first quarter of 2020 included \$75.7 million of expense related to our commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of our U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020, which we accrued during the first quarter of 2020.

Casino expenses decreased \$20.0 million, \$29.9 million, \$24.7 million, and \$16.1 million at Wynn Palace, Wynn Macau, our Las Vegas Operations, and Encore Boston Harbor, respectively. These decreases were primarily due to reductions in gaming tax expense commensurate with the declines in casino revenues at Wynn Palace and Wynn Macau resulting from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic as well as lower payroll and operating costs. Casino expenses for the first quarter of 2020 included expense of \$7.9 million from Encore Boston Harbor and \$12.8 million from our Las Vegas Operations related to our commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of our U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020, which we accrued during the first quarter of 2020.

Room expenses decreased \$29.6 million and \$6.8 million at our Las Vegas Operations and Encore Boston Harbor, respectively. The decreases were primarily a result of lower operating costs related to the declines in occupancy at our Las Vegas Operations and Encore Boston Harbor resulting from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Room expenses for the first quarter of 2020 included expense of \$1.5 million from Encore Boston Harbor and \$8.3 million from our Las Vegas Operations related to our commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of our U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020, which we accrued during the first quarter of 2020.

Food and beverage expenses decreased \$75.0 million, \$4.5 million, \$3.6 million, and \$18.8 million at our Las Vegas Operations, Wynn Palace, Wynn Macau, and Encore Boston Harbor, respectively. The decreases were primarily a result of lower operating costs related to the declines in food and beverage revenues at each property as well as lower nightlife entertainment costs at our Las Vegas Operations resulting from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Food and beverage expenses for the first quarter of 2020 included expense of \$20.8 million from our Las Vegas Operations and \$4.8 million from Encore Boston Harbor related to our commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of our U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020, which we accrued during the first quarter of 2020.

Entertainment, retail and other expenses increased primarily due to marketing expenses incurred at Corporate and other. The increase was partially offset by a decrease in entertainment, retail and other expenses of \$25.6 million at our Las Vegas Operations primarily as a result of lower operating costs related to the declines in entertainment, retail and other revenues resulting from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Entertainment, retail and other expenses for the first quarter of 2020 included expense of \$4.1 million from our Las Vegas Operations and \$0.7 million from Encore Boston Harbor related to our commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of our U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020, which we accrued during the first quarter of 2020.

General and administrative expenses decreased \$9.0 million, \$6.0 million, \$27.4 million, \$9.1 million, and \$3.1 million at Wynn Palace, Wynn Macau, our Las Vegas Operations, Encore Boston Harbor, and Corporate and other, respectively. These decreases were primarily attributable to decreased payroll, operating costs, and general and administrative expenses as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. General and administrative expenses for the first quarter of 2020 included expense of \$10.2 million from our Las Vegas Operations and \$4.4 million from Encore Boston Harbor related to our commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of our U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020, which we accrued during the first quarter of 2020.

Provision for credit losses decreased primarily due to a decrease of \$11.6 million at our Las Vegas Operations. The decrease was primarily due to the impact of historical collection patterns and expectations of current and future collection trends, as well as the specific review of customer accounts, on our estimated credit loss for the respective periods.

Our property charges and other expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 consisted primarily of asset abandonments of \$2.1 million and \$2.2 million at our Las Vegas Operations and Wynn Palace, respectively. Our property charges and other expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 consisted primarily of asset abandonments and retirements of \$22.2 million and \$1.4 million at Wynn Palace and Wynn Macau, respectively.

Interest expense, net of capitalized interest

The following table summarizes information related to interest expense (dollars in thousands):

		Three Months	Ended 1				
	2021			2020		Increase/ Decrease)	Percent Change
Interest expense							
Interest cost, including amortization of debt issuance costs and original issue discount and premium	\$	152,852	\$	130,079	\$	22,773	17.5
Capitalized interest		_		(1,252)		(1,252)	(100.0)
	\$	152,852	\$	128,827	\$	24,025	18.6
Weighted average total debt balance	\$	12,628,361	\$	10,850,355			
Weighted average interest rate		4.84 %	)	4.80 %			

Interest costs increased primarily due to an increase in the weighted average debt balance. Capitalized interest decreased due to the completion of the meeting and convention expansion in February 2020.

Other non-operating income and expenses

We incurred a foreign currency remeasurement loss of \$11.1 million and a gain of \$10.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The impact of the exchange rate fluctuation of the Macau pataca, in relation to the U.S. dollar, on the remeasurements of U.S. dollar denominated debt and other obligations from our Macau-related entities drove the variability between periods.

We recorded a gain of \$4.4 million and a loss of \$15.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, from change in derivatives fair value.

We recorded a \$1.3 million loss on extinguishment of debt for the three months ended March 31, 2021 related to the partial prepayment of the Wynn Macau Term Loan.

### Income taxes

We recorded an income tax expense of \$0.5 million and \$75.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The 2021 income tax expense primarily related to the Macau dividend tax agreement that provides for an annual payment of MOP 12.8 million (approximately \$1.6 million) as complementary tax otherwise due by stockholders of Wynn Macau SA. The 2020 income tax expense primarily related to the increase in the valuation allowances for U.S foreign tax credits.

Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests

Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests was \$55.2 million and \$48.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. These amounts are primarily related to the noncontrolling interests' share of net loss from WML.

### **Adjusted Property EBITDA**

We use Adjusted Property EBITDA to manage the operating results of our segments. Adjusted Property EBITDA is net loss before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, pre-opening expenses, property charges and other, management and license fees, corporate expenses and other (including intercompany golf course, meeting and convention, and water rights leases), stock-based compensation, change in derivatives fair value, loss on extinguishment of debt, and other non-operating income and expenses. Adjusted Property EBITDA is presented exclusively as a supplemental disclosure because management believes that it is widely used to measure the performance, and as a basis for valuation, of gaming companies. Management uses Adjusted Property EBITDA as a measure of the operating performance of its segments and to compare the operating performance of its properties with those of its competitors, as well as a basis for determining certain incentive compensation. We also present Adjusted Property EBITDA because it is used by some investors to measure a company's ability to incur and service debt, make capital expenditures and meet working capital requirements. Gaming companies have historically reported EBITDA as a supplement to GAAP. In order to view the operations of their casinos on a more stand-alone basis, gaming companies, including us, have historically excluded from their EBITDA calculations preopening expenses, property charges, corporate expenses and stock-based compensation, that do not relate to the management of specific casino properties. However, Adjusted Property EBITDA should not be considered as an alternative to operating income as an indicator of our performance, as an alternative to cash flows from operating activities as a measure of liquidity, or as an alternative to any other measure determined in accordance with GAAP. Unlike net income, Adjusted Property EBITDA does not include depreciation or interest expense and therefore does not reflect current or future capital expenditures or the cost of capital. We have significant uses of cash flows, including capital expenditures, interest payments, debt principal repayments, income taxes and other non-recurring charges, which are not reflected in Adjusted Property EBITDA. Also, our calculation of Adjusted Property EBITDA may be different from the calculation methods used by other companies and, therefore, comparability may be limited.

The following table summarizes Adjusted Property EBITDA (in thousands) for Wynn Palace, Wynn Macau, Las Vegas Operations, and Encore Boston Harbor as reviewed by management and summarized in Item 1—"Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements," Note 17, "Segment Information." That footnote also presents a reconciliation of Adjusted Property EBITDA to net loss attributable to Wynn Resorts, Limited.

	Three Months Ended March 31,						
		2021		2020		Increase/ (Decrease)	Percent Change
Wynn Palace	\$	27,369	\$	10,176	\$	17,193	169.0
Wynn Macau		16,556		19,208		(2,652)	(13.8)
Las Vegas Operations		28,081		(22,077)		50,158	(227.2)
Encore Boston Harbor		30,363		(12,636)		42,999	(340.3)
Corporate and other		(43,469)		_		(43,469)	NM

NM - Not meaningful.

Adjusted Property EBITDA at Wynn Palace increased \$17.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 primarily due to a decrease in operating expenses.

Adjusted Property EBITDA at Wynn Macau decreased \$2.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 primarily due to decreased VIP turnover and VIP table games win, which offset a decrease in operating expenses.

Adjusted Property EBITDA at our Las Vegas Operations increased \$50.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021, primarily due to a decrease in operating expenses. Adjusted Property EBITDA for our Las Vegas Operations for the first quarter of 2020 included the impact of \$56.4 million of expense related to our commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of our U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020.

Adjusted Property EBITDA at Encore Boston Harbor increased \$43.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021, primarily due to a decrease in operating expenses. Adjusted Property EBITDA for Encore Boston Harbor for the first quarter of

2020 included the impact of \$19.3 million of expense related to our commitment to pay salary, tips, and benefits continuation for all of our U.S. employees for the period from April 1 through May 15, 2020.

Refer to the discussions above regarding the specific details of our results of operations.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Our cash flows were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
Cash Flows - Summary		2021		2020
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(253,906)	\$	(176,500)
Net cash used in investing activities:				
Capital expenditures, net of construction payables and retention		(40,270)		(139,316)
Purchase of intangible and other assets		(8,500)		_
Proceeds from sale of assets and other		134		2,162
Net cash used in investing activities		(48,636)		(137,154)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		50,084		1,469,028
Repayments of long-term debt		(1,166,737)		(515,194)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock		841,899		_
Repurchase of common stock		(4,356)		(5,527)
Finance lease payment		(3,881)		(37)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		_		70
Dividends paid		(295)		(107,426)
Distribution to noncontrolling interest		_		(998)
Payments for financing costs		(2,154)		(1,919)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(285,440)		837,997
Effect of exchange rate on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(1,131)		3,266
(Decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	(589,113)	\$	527,609

### **Operating Activities**

Our operating cash flows primarily consist of operating income (excluding depreciation and amortization and other non-cash charges), interest paid and earned, and changes in working capital accounts such as receivables, inventories, prepaid expenses, and payables. Our table games play is a mix of cash play and credit play, while our slot machine play is conducted primarily on a cash basis. A significant portion of our table games revenue is attributable to the play of a limited number of premium international customers who gamble on credit. The ability to collect these gaming receivables may impact our operating cash flow for the period. Our rooms, food and beverage, and entertainment, retail and other revenue is conducted on a cash and credit basis. Accordingly, operating cash flows will be impacted by changes in operating income and accounts receivable, net.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, the increase in net cash used in operating activities was primarily due to changes in working capital accounts. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the decrease in net cash provided by operations was primarily due to the adverse effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the results of our operations for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

### **Investing Activities**

Our investing activities primarily consist of project capital expenditures, such as the construction of the meeting and convention expansion at Wynn Las Vegas, which opened in February 2020, as well as maintenance capital expenditures associated with maintaining and continually refining our world-class integrated resort properties. In light of the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic and our focus on safeguarding the Company's operations and the well-being of our employees, we temporarily postponed major project capital expenditures for 2020.

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, we incurred capital expenditures of \$19.8 million at our Las Vegas Operations, \$6.3 million at Encore Boston Harbor, \$7.4 million at Wynn Palace, and \$4.8 million at Wynn Macau, primarily related to maintenance capital expenditures.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, we incurred capital expenditures of \$43.6 million at Encore Boston Harbor primarily for the payment of construction retention and other payables related to its construction, \$37.0 million at our Las Vegas Operations for restaurant remodels and maintenance capital expenditures, \$12.2 million for the construction of the additional meeting and convention space at Wynn Las Vegas, and \$17.5 million and \$26.6 million at Wynn Palace and Wynn Macau, respectively, primarily related to maintenance capital expenditures.

### **Financing Activities**

During the three months ended March 31, 2021, we received proceeds of \$841.9 million from our February 2021 equity offering and used \$716.0 million of the proceeds from the equity offering to repay the outstanding borrowings under the WRF Revolver. In addition, we borrowed \$50.1 million under the Wynn Macau Revolver, paid \$438.6 million of outstanding principal owed under the Wynn Macau Term Loan, and made a \$12.5 million quarterly amortization payment under the WRF Term Loan.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, we borrowed \$325.8 million, net of amounts repaid, under the Wynn Macau Revolver, borrowed \$791.0 million under the WRF Revolver, prepaid \$150.2 million of outstanding principal owed under the Wynn Macau Term Loan, and made a \$12.5 million quarterly amortization payment under the WRF Term Loan. In addition, we used cash of \$107.4 million for the payment of dividends.

### **Capital Resources**

The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted and will continue to impact, materially, our business, financial condition and results of operations. While we believe our strong liquidity position will enable us to fund our current obligations for the foreseeable future, COVID-19 has resulted in significant disruption, which has had and will continue to have a negative impact on our operating income and could have a negative impact on our ability to access capital in the future. We continue to monitor the rapidly evolving situation and guidance from international and domestic authorities.

The following table summarizes our unrestricted cash and cash equivalents and available revolver borrowing capacity under the Company as of March 31, 2021 (in thousands):

	l Cash and Cash Equivalents	Revolver Borrowing Capacity		
Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A. and subsidiaries	\$ 273,124	\$ 293,031		
Wynn Macau, Limited and subsidiaries (1)	1,529,751	_		
Wynn Resorts Finance, LLC (2)	248,425	833,894		
Wynn Resorts, Limited and other	839,107	_		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,890,407	\$ 1,126,925		

- (1) Excluding Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A. and subsidiaries.
- (2) Excluding Wynn Macau, Limited and subsidiaries.

*Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A. and subsidiaries.* Wynn Resorts (Macau) S.A. ("Wynn Macau SA") generates cash from our Macau Operations and utilizes its revolver to fund short term working capital requirements as needed. We expect to use this cash to service our existing Wynn Macau Credit Facilities, make distributions to WML, and fund working capital and capital expenditure requirements at our Macau Operations.

The Wynn Macau Credit Facilities contain customary negative and financial covenants, including, but not limited to, leverage ratio and interest coverage ratio tests (as defined in the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities) that could restrict its ability to make distributions to WML and incur additional indebtedness. Wynn Macau SA is required to maintain a leverage ratio of not greater than 4.00 to 1 and an interest coverage ratio of not less than 2.00 to 1. Wynn Macau SA complied with these ratios for the three months ended March 31, 2021.

In January 2021, Wynn Macau SA prepaid approximately \$412.5 million of the term loan outstanding under the Wynn Macau Credit Facilities using proceeds from WML senior notes issuances.

The Company is currently designing the second phase of Wynn Palace. We do not expect to incur significant capital expenditures related to the construction of this project in 2021.

*Wynn Macau, Limited and subsidiaries.* Wynn Macau, Limited ("WML") primarily generates cash through distributions from Wynn Macau SA. We expect to use WML's cash to service our existing WML Notes, pay dividends to shareholders of WML (of which we own approximately 72%), and fund working capital requirements at WML.

WML paid no dividends during 2020 or the first quarter of 2021. The WML board of directors will be continuously monitoring the situation and market conditions in Macau and Greater China and may consider a special dividend in the future when such conditions have stabilized.

If our portion of our cash and cash equivalents were repatriated to the U.S. on March 31, 2021, it would be subject to minimal U.S. taxes in the year of repatriation.

Wynn Resorts Finance, LLC and subsidiaries. Wynn Resorts Finance, LLC ("WRF" or "Wynn Resorts Finance") generates cash from distributions from its subsidiaries, which include our Macau Operations, Wynn Las Vegas, and Encore Boston Harbor, and contributions from Wynn Resorts, as required. In addition, WRF may utilize its available revolving borrowing capacity as needed. We expect to use this cash to service our WRF Credit Facilities, 2025 WRF Notes, 2029 WRF Notes, and WLV Notes, and to fund working capital and capital expenditure requirements as needed.

WRF is a holding company and, as a result, its ability to pay dividends to Wynn Resorts is dependent on WRF receiving distributions from its subsidiaries, which include WML, Wynn Las Vegas, LLC, and Wynn MA, LLC (the owner and operator of Encore Boston Harbor). The WRF Credit Agreement contains customary negative and financial covenants, including, but not limited to, covenants that restrict WRF's ability to pay dividends or distributions and incur additional indebtedness.

In 2021, Wynn Las Vegas will proceed with its planned room remodel, which we temporarily postponed during 2020. We expect to incur between \$170 million and \$180 million of remaining project costs related to this remodel, which we expect to complete before the end of 2021.

The Company repaid \$716.0 million of the outstanding borrowings under the WRF Revolver in February 2021, using proceeds from the February 2021 equity offering described below.

Wynn Resorts, Limited and other subsidiaries. Wynn Resorts, Limited is a holding company and, as a result, our ability to pay dividends is dependent on our ability to obtain funds and our subsidiaries' ability to provide funds to us. Wynn Resorts, Limited and other primarily generates cash from royalty and management agreements with our resorts, dividends and distributions from our subsidiaries, and the operations of the Retail Joint Venture of which we own 50.1%. We expect to use this cash to service our Retail Term Loan and for general corporate purposes.

On February 11, 2021, the Company completed a registered public offering of 7,475,000 newly issued shares of its common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, at a price of \$115.00 per share for proceeds of \$841.9 million, net of \$17.7 million in underwriting discounts, commissions and other expenses. The Company used \$716.0 million of the net proceeds from this equity offering to repay the outstanding borrowings under the WRF revolver in February 2021, and intends to use the remaining net proceeds for general corporate purposes.

Other Factors Affecting Liquidity

We may refinance all or a portion of our indebtedness on or before maturity. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of the indebtedness on acceptable terms or at all.

Legal proceedings in which we are involved also may impact our liquidity. No assurance can be provided as to the outcome of such proceedings. In addition, litigation inherently involves significant costs. For information regarding legal proceedings, see Item 1—"Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements," Note 15, "Commitments and Contingencies."

Our Board of Directors has authorized an equity repurchase program of up to \$1.0 billion. Under the equity repurchase program, we may repurchase the Company's outstanding shares from time to time through open market purchases, in privately

negotiated transactions, and under plans complying with Rules 10b5-1 and 10b-18 under the Exchange Act. As of March 31, 2021, we had \$800.1 million in repurchase authority remaining under the program.

We have in the past repurchased, and in the future, we may periodically consider repurchasing our outstanding notes for cash. The amount of any notes to be repurchased, as well as the timing of any repurchases, will be based on business, market and other conditions and factors, including price, contractual requirements or consents, and capital availability.

New business developments or other unforeseen events may occur, resulting in the need to raise additional funds. We continue to explore opportunities to develop additional gaming or related businesses in domestic and international markets. There can be no assurances regarding the business prospects with respect to any other opportunity. Any new development may require us to obtain additional financing. We may decide to conduct any such development through Wynn Resorts, Limited or through subsidiaries separate from the Las Vegas, Boston or Macau-related entities.

### Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any transactions with special purpose entities nor do we engage in any derivatives except for an interest rate collar associated with our Retail Term Loan. We do not have any retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to an unconsolidated entity. As of March 31, 2021, we had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$16.1 million.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

A description of our critical accounting policies is included in Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. There have been no significant changes to these policies for the three months ended March 31, 2021.

### Recently Adopted Accounting Standards and Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Adopted

See related disclosure in Item 1—"Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements," Note 2, "Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies."

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

We make forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q based upon the beliefs and assumptions of our management and on information currently available to us. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, information about our business strategy, development activities, competition and possible or assumed future results of operations, throughout this report and are often preceded by, followed by or include the words "may," "will," "should," "would," "could," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "continue" or the negative of these terms or similar expressions.

Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those we express in these forward-looking statements, including the risks and uncertainties in Item 1A — "Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 and other factors we describe from time to time in our periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), such as:

- extensive regulation of our business and the cost of compliance or failure to comply with applicable laws and regulations;
- pending or future claims and legal proceedings, regulatory or enforcement actions or probity investigations;
- our ability to maintain our gaming licenses and concessions;
- our dependence on key employees;
- general global political and economic conditions, in the U.S. and China (including the Chinese government's ongoing anti-corruption campaign), which may impact levels of travel, leisure, and consumer spending;
- restrictions or conditions on visitation by citizens of PRC to Macau;
- the impact on the travel and leisure industry from factors such as an outbreak of an infectious disease, public incidents of violence, riots, demonstrations, extreme weather patterns or natural disasters, military conflicts, civil unrest, and any future security alerts and/or terrorist attacks;
- doing business in foreign locations such as Macau;
- our ability to maintain our customer relationships and collect and enforce gaming receivables;
- our relationships with Macau gaming promoters;

- our dependence on a limited number of resorts and locations for all of our cash flow and our subsidiaries' ability to pay us dividends and distributions:
- competition in the casino/hotel and resort industries and actions taken by our competitors, including new development and construction activities of competitors;
- factors affecting the development and success of new gaming and resort properties (including limited labor resources, government labor and gaming policies and transportation infrastructure in Macau; and cost increases, environmental regulation, and our ability to secure necessary permits and approvals in Everett, Massachusetts);
- construction risks (including disputes with and defaults by contractors and subcontractors; construction, equipment or staffing problems; shortages of materials or skilled labor; environment, health and safety issues; and unanticipated cost increases);
- legalization and growth of gaming in other jurisdictions;
- any violations by us of the anti-money laundering laws or Foreign Corrupt Practices Act;
- adverse incidents or adverse publicity concerning our resorts or our corporate responsibilities;
- changes in gaming laws or regulations;
- changes in federal, foreign, or state tax laws or the administration of such laws;
- continued compliance with all provisions in our debt agreements;
- conditions precedent to funding under our credit facilities;
- leverage and debt service (including sensitivity to fluctuations in interest rates);
- cybersecurity risk, including cyber and physical security breaches, system failure, computer viruses, and negligent or intentional misuse by customers, company employees, or employees of third-party vendors;
- our ability to protect our intellectual property rights; and
- our current and future insurance coverage levels.

Further information on potential factors that could affect our financial condition, results of operations and business are included in this report and our other filings with the SEC. You should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which are based only on information available to us at the time this statement is made. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices.

### **Interest Rate Risks**

One of our primary exposures to market risk is interest rate risk associated with our debt facilities that bear interest based on floating rates. We attempt to manage interest rate risk by managing the mix of long-term fixed rate borrowings and variable rate borrowings, supplemented by hedging activities as believed by us to be appropriate. We cannot assure you that these risk management strategies will have the desired effect, and interest rate fluctuations could have a negative impact on our results of operations.

### Interest Rate Sensitivity

As of March 31, 2021, approximately 77% of our long-term debt was based on fixed rates. Based on our borrowings as of March 31, 2021, an assumed 100 basis point change in the variable rates would cause our annual interest expense to change by \$22.8 million.

In order to mitigate exposure to interest rate fluctuations on the Retail Term Loan, the Company entered into a five year interest rate collar with a notional value of \$615.0 million. The interest rate collar establishes a range whereby the Company will pay the counterparty if one-month LIBOR falls below the established floor rate of 1.00%, and the counterparty will pay the Company if one-month LIBOR exceeds the ceiling rate of 3.75%.

### Foreign Currency Risks

We expect most of the revenues and expenses for any casino that we operate in Macau will be denominated in Hong Kong dollars or Macau patacas; however, a significant portion of our Wynn Macau, Limited debt is denominated in U.S. dollars.

Fluctuations in the exchange rates resulting in weakening of the Macau pataca or the Hong Kong dollar in relation to the U.S. dollar could have materially adverse effects on our results, financial condition and ability to service debt. Based on our balances as of March 31, 2021, an assumed 1% change in the U.S. dollar/Hong Kong dollar exchange rate would cause a foreign currency transaction gain/loss of \$38.9 million.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on such evaluation, the Company's CEO and CFO have concluded that, as of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective, at the reasonable assurance level, in recording, processing, summarizing and reporting, on a timely basis, information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act and were effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

### Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter to which this report relates that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are occasionally party to lawsuits. As with all litigation, no assurance can be provided as to the outcome of such matters and we note that litigation inherently involves significant costs. For information regarding the Company's legal proceedings see Item 1—"Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements," Note 15, "Commitments and Contingencies" of Part I in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors

A description of our risk factors can be found in Item 1A, Part I of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. There were no material changes to those risk factors during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table summarizes the share repurchases in satisfaction of tax withholding obligations on vested restricted stock during the quarter ended March 31, 2021:

For the Month Ended	Number of Shares Repurchased	Weighted Average Price Paid Per Share	Approximate Dollar Value of Repurchased Shares (in thousands)
January 31, 2021	31,270	\$ 110.01	\$ 3,440
February 28, 2021	4,410	\$ 132.49	\$ 584
March 31, 2021	2,514	\$ 131.98	\$ 332

None of the foregoing repurchases that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2021 were part of the Company's publicly announced repurchase program. As of March 31, 2021, we had \$800.1 million in repurchase authority under the program.

### **Item 5. Other Information**

None.

### Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits

Exhibit	
No.	Descriptio

- 3.1 Third Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant. (Incorporated by reference from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed by the Registrant on May 8, 2015.).
- 3.2 Ninth Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant. (Incorporated by reference from the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed by the Registrant on February 28, 2020.).
- \*31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a 14(a) and Rule 15d 14(a).
- \*31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Periodic Report Pursuant to Rule 13a 14(a) and Rule 15d 14(a).
- \*32 Certification of CEO and CFO Pursuant to 19 U.S.C. Section 1350.
- The following material from Wynn Resorts, Limited's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, formatted in Inline XBRL (Inline Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020; (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020; (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020; (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit) for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020; (v) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020; and (vi) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRI document
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File The cover page XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.

Wynn Resorts, Limited agrees to furnish to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, upon request, a copy of each agreement with respect to long-term debt not filed herewith in reliance upon the exemption from filing applicable to any series of debt which does not exceed 10% of the total consolidated assets of the company.

\* Filed herewith.

Dated: May 10, 2021

### **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

### WYNN RESORTS, LIMITED

By: /s/ Craig S. Billings

Craig S. Billings
President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

### **Certification of the Chief Executive Officer**

### Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

### I, Matt Maddox, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Wynn Resorts, Limited;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2021

/s/ Matt Maddox

Matt Maddox Director, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

### **Certification of the Chief Financial Officer**

### Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

### I, Craig S. Billings, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Wynn Resorts, Limited;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2021

/s/ Craig S. Billings

Craig S. Billings
President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

### Certification of CEO and CFO Pursuant to

### 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to

### Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Wynn Resorts, Limited (the "Company") for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Matt Maddox, as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Craig S. Billings, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of their knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

### /s/ Matt Maddox

Name: Matt Maddox

Title: Director, Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 10, 2021

### /s/ Craig S. Billings

Name: Craig S. Billings

Title: President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: May 10, 2021

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Wynn Resorts, Limited and will be retained by Wynn Resorts, Limited and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.